Version 1.2
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Welcome to TrueCommand™!

TrueCommand™ is a top-level management solution for managing multiple FreeNAS and TrueNAS systems. This is sometimes called a “single pane of glass” appliance and provides a unified administration for multiple users and multiple systems on networks.

TrueCommand™ can monitor an entire network of FreeNAS® and TrueNAS® systems. This includes showing system statistics on storage usage, network activity, active services, and more. Even more, TrueCommand™ has the ability to create custom reports about individual systems or a combination of many systems.

Typography

These typographic conventions are referenced throughout the docs:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Icon</th>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Usage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><img src="icon" alt="Gear" /></td>
<td>Configure</td>
<td>Configurable options.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="icon" alt="Key" /></td>
<td>Administration</td>
<td>Administration page. Only visible to admin accounts.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="icon" alt="System" /></td>
<td>Systems</td>
<td>Systems page.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="icon" alt="Team" /></td>
<td>Teams</td>
<td>Teams page.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="icon" alt="Delete" /></td>
<td>Delete</td>
<td>Delete item.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="icon" alt="Alert" /></td>
<td>Alert Error</td>
<td>Critical alert.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="icon" alt="Alert" /></td>
<td>Alert Warning</td>
<td>Warning alert.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="icon" alt="Alert" /></td>
<td>Alert Information</td>
<td>Information alert.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="icon" alt="Alert" /></td>
<td>Alert Resolve</td>
<td>Resolve alert.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="icon" alt="Alert" /></td>
<td>Alert Rules</td>
<td>Alert rules page.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="icon" alt="Alert" /></td>
<td>Report Share</td>
<td>Share report with other users.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="icon" alt="Alert" /></td>
<td>Show</td>
<td>Show item.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="icon" alt="Alert" /></td>
<td>Expand</td>
<td>Expand item.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Icon</td>
<td>Name</td>
<td>Usage</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>------</td>
<td>----------------</td>
<td>--------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>📅</td>
<td>Calendar</td>
<td>Choose a date.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>✎</td>
<td>Edit</td>
<td>Edit item.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>🎈</td>
<td>Help</td>
<td>Display additional help text for items.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>📊</td>
<td>Metrics</td>
<td>Show item metrics.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>🚫</td>
<td>Offline</td>
<td>Offline status.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>✡</td>
<td>Plus</td>
<td>Add item.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>⏪</td>
<td>Minus</td>
<td>Remove item.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>⚪</td>
<td>Power</td>
<td>Shut down TrueCommand™.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>⌚</td>
<td>Restart</td>
<td>Shut down and restart the system.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>🔘</td>
<td>TrueCommand™ Update</td>
<td>Update TrueCommand™.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>🔄</td>
<td>System Update</td>
<td>Update the desired system.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>📈</td>
<td>All Alerts</td>
<td>All alerts page.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>⚡</td>
<td>Database Backup</td>
<td>Back up the system database.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>⚡</td>
<td>Database Restore</td>
<td>Restore system databases.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>🎨</td>
<td>System web interface</td>
<td>View the system web interface.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>📚</td>
<td>Download</td>
<td>Download data.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
MIGRATING AND INSTALLING

Migrating from TrueCommand™ 1.1 or Older

Starting in TrueCommand™ 1.2, TrueCommand™ is built and offered as a docker container. To avoid losing saved configuration settings, existing installations of TrueCommand™ 1.1 or earlier need to follow these migration steps:

1. Create a local system directory. This directory will contain all the TrueCommand™ docker container data, including configuration files. This host directory must be used during the Installation (page 5) when running the docker run command.

2. In the existing TrueCommand™ installation, copy any existing TrueCommand™ configuration files to the new local system directory using a command like ssh (https://www.ssh.com/ssh) or rsync (https://rsync.samba.org/). This will reapply the existing TrueCommand™ configuration when the TrueCommand™ docker container is installed. Table 2.1 lists the location and destination for all the different configuration files TrueCommand™ can create. Only files that already exist need to be copied to the new TrueCommand™ container configuration directory.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Files from TrueCommand™ 1.1 and older</th>
<th>Copy Destination in local host directory</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>/usr/local/etc/truecommand/server.[crt</td>
<td>localhostdirectory/truecommand/</td>
<td>Custom SSL certificate or key that was imported into TrueCommand™.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>/var/nas-db-backup</td>
<td>localhostdirectory/</td>
<td>Directory tree of NAS config backup.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>/var/db/.tv_license.sha512</td>
<td>localhostdirectory/</td>
<td>License and signature for the license.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

3. For the TrueCommand™ 1.1 /var/db/ixdb/ database, use `pg_dump ixdb > ixdb.sql` to transform the 1.1 TrueCommand™ database into a single `.sql`. Then, move `ixdb.sql` to the new local database directory for the TrueCommand™ docker version.

Note: Make sure to migrate all files to the new host directory before starting the TrueCommand™ docker container.

4. Follow the Installation (page 5) instructions.

Installation

TrueCommand™ is built as a docker (https://www.docker.com/) container. This has the benefit of a smaller footprint and simpler upgrades. Use the appropriate Operating System docker installation instructions (https://docs.docker.com/install/) and install docker. Ensure the docker service is started if it did not start.

Warning: Docker Desktop for Windows uses Hyper-V. This interferes with other virtualization applications. For example, you cannot use Docker Desktop and VMware Workstation Player simultaneously.
Before fetching the TrueCommand™ docker image, create a local directory for the image to mount to for storage. This can be done by running `mkdir nameOfDirectory` where `nameOfDirectory` is the name of choice for the new directory.

After creating the new directory, fetch and run the docker image. This can be done in the Command Line Interface (CLI) by typing `docker run --detach -v "/hostdirectory:/data" -p portnumber:80 -p sslport:443 ixsystems/truecommand:latest` where `hostdirectory` is the new directory that was created for the image to mount to, `portnumber` is the desired port number to access the web interface, and `sslportnumber` is the desired port number to securely access the web interface through SSL. Do not forget to use Windows compatible syntax (https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/dotnet/standard/io/file-path-formats) when specifying paths in the Windows file system. For example, if the created directory for the TrueCommand™ image was created in the `Documents` folder in the Windows file system, the docker command would look like: `docker run --detach -v driveLetter:Users\username\Documents\directoryName`. In this command `driveLetter` is the letter associated with the drive that contains the new directory, `username` is the username of the current user, and `directoryName` is the name of the directory created for the TrueCommand™ image.

Although there are different ways to run a docker container, **make sure to use -v/hostdirectory:/data in the command.**

Note: Previous versions of TrueCommand™ can be fetched by replacing `latest` with the desired version tag name.

After fetching the TrueCommand™ docker image, run `docker ps` to see details about the currently running containers.

Warning: Do not try to start two containers that are pointed at the same host directory! This can result in file conflicts and database corruption.

Use the port assigned to the container to access the web interface. The list from `docker ps` contains a `PORTS` column. Find the port associated with the `ixsystems/truecommand:latest IMAGE`. The `PORTS` entry is listed as `0.0.0.0:port->80/tcp, 0.0.0.0:sslport->443/tcp` where `port` and `sslport` are the ports that were specified earlier. To access the web interface with no encryption, enter `hostsystemIPaddress:port` in a browser address bar where `hostsystemIPaddress` is the IP address of the host system that is running the TrueCommand™ docker container. To access the web interface with standard SSL encryption, enter `https://hostsystemIPaddress:sslport` in a browser address bar. If a connection to the web interface cannot be established, add the container ports as an exception to the host system firewall.

Note: When connecting through SSL, TrueCommand™ may need to be added as an exception (page 7).
Please see the *Installation* (page 5) chapter for instructions on installing TrueCommand™.

**Adding TrueCommand™ as an Exception**

TrueCommand™ uses a [self signed certificate](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Self-signed_certificate) for a secure connection. Because of this, most internet browsers consider the IP address or DNS hostname untrustworthy. The IP address or DNS hostname must be added as an exception to connect.

**Adding an Exception in Firefox**

Click *Advanced* to view information about the error code.

![Firefox Connection Warning](image)

**Fig. 3.1: Firefox Connection Warning**
Click *Add Exception*... *Set Permanently store this exception* to keep the IP address or DNS hostname permanently stored in Firefox.

Click *Confirm Security Exception*.

![Firefox Add Exception](image)

**Fig. 3.2: Firefox Add Exception**

Adding an Exception in Chrome

Click *Advanced* to view information about the error code.

Click *Proceed to hostname (unsafe)*.
Signing Up for TrueCommand™

Follow these steps to create a new admin user:

1. **Log in using the default username** (admin) **and password** (admin). This username is only present when there are no actual users defined in the database.
2. Enter a username and password. Read the terms of service, set *I have read and agree to the terms of service*, and click *SIGN UP*.
3. Log in with the administrator user just created. The TrueCommand™ web interface is displayed.
The Dashboard (page 13) is empty until TrueCommand™ begins monitoring systems.
The dashboard is used to manage and monitor FreeNAS® and TrueNAS® systems. It displays system storage capacity, CPU usage, memory usage, network statistics, and other useful information. To open the dashboard, click the TrueCommand™ logo in the upper-left side of the web interface.

The dashboard is empty when first setting up TrueCommand™ because no systems are being monitored. Add Systems (page 16) to view them on the dashboard. All added systems are shown on the dashboard by default. Each system summary has options for that system, including viewing more details, opening the system web interface, installing updates, and others. These options change according to the account permissions that is currently logged in to the TrueCommand™ web interface.

To hide a system on the dashboard, unset the checkbox in the Systems side panel. Access the system by clicking System web interface (page 4) in the side panel. This opens the system interface associated with the DNS hostname or IP address. TrueCommand™ uses SSL by default to connect to other systems. This means if an authentic certificate authority is not used on the system, TrueCommand™ cannot connect to view the system web interface. See Certificate Authorities (https://www.ixsystems.com/documentation/freenas/11.2-U6/system.html#cas) and Certificates (https://www.ixsystems.com/documentation/freenas/11.2-U6/system.html#certificates) for more detailed information on how to create a certificate.

Live statistics are displayed for each connected system. To edit the TrueCommand™ settings for a system, click the edit (page 4) button. FreeNAS® or TrueNAS® systems with available updates show a system update (page 4) button. Clicking system update (page 4) installs updates and reboots that system.
Clicking **System web interface** (page 4) in the side panel accesses that system. This opens the system interface associated with the DNS hostname or IP address.

To hide a system on the dashboard, unset the checkbox in the **Systems** side panel. View more information about a specific system by hiding all other systems on the dashboard. When only one system is shown, additional tabs show more system details. There are also system controls for user accounts that can administrate the FreeNAS® or TrueNAS® system:

- **Metrics** shows a variety of system usage statistics. These can be filtered by date. The data from each graph can be downloaded as a `.json` file. To download the graph data, hover over the desired graph and click **Download** (page 4).

- **Storage** summarizes the storage pool status. Clicking **metrics** (page 4) for a pool shows more usage details and dataset notes.

- Clicking **expand** (page 3) shows the disk status. Clicking **metrics** (page 4) for one of the related disks shows the full activity history of that disk.

- **Network** shows the configuration and current bandwidth of each physical and virtual network interface. Clicking **metrics** (page 4) for a device shows more detailed traffic graphs.

- **Services** lists every available service. Service states are displayed, along with options to stop, start, or set a service to auto-start.

- **Jails** lists jails with configuration details and current state. Jails can be started or stopped.

- **Virtual Machines** lists virtual machines (VM) with configuration details and current status. VMs can also be started or stopped.

- **Alerts** shows **alerts** (page 24) generated by the FreeNAS® or TrueNAS® system. Alerts are sorted between **Active** and **Resolved** notices. To see more details or comments on an alert, click the **alert error** (page 3) icon. Alerts can be marked as resolved or removed completely.

- **Database Backups** manages database files copied from attached iXsystems™ NAS systems.

- **Audit** tracks changes that have been made to the system configuration. TrueCommand™ updates the audit log every 30 minutes with entries that show which item changed and whether a TrueCommand™ user initiated the change. To keep log information secure, it is recommended to **secure NAS connections with SSL** (page 35). To view the complete entry for the configuration change, click **show** (page 3).

### Managing NAS Databases

TrueCommand™ detects when changes are made to an attached iXsystems™ NAS system configuration and creates a copy of the NAS database. These database copies can be restored to one or more iXsystems™ NAS systems, cloning that configuration. FreeNAS® or TrueNAS® systems must be version 11.2 or greater to permit automated database backups.

By default, TrueCommand™ saves up to seven copies of a single system database. This count resets when the attached iXsystems™ NAS is updated to a new version of FreeNAS® or TrueNAS®. For example, say TrueCommand™ has saved five different database files from a TrueNAS® 11.2 system. When that system is updated to TrueNAS® 11.3, TrueCommand™ keeps the existing 11.2 database copies and automatically saves up to seven copies of the 11.3 system database.

Automated backup settings are located in the TrueCommand™ **configuration options** (page 35).

To back up a NAS database manually, go to the **Dashboard** and click **database backup** (page 4).

Saved database files can be located by going to the **Dashboard**, showing details for a single system, and clicking the **Database Backups** tab. Each entry shows the FreeNAS® or TrueNAS® database version, when the database was copied to TrueCommand™, and buttons to delete or restore the database.

### Restoring a Database
Clicking *database restore* (page 4) shows restore options for the selected database. Click *ADD SYSTEM* to choose a system to restore to that database configuration. Choosing multiple systems applies that database to all selected systems, allowing easy cloning of a single FreeNAS® or TrueNAS® configuration across multiple systems. Systems are unavailable in both TrueCommand™ and the individual NAS web interface while the database is applied.
Systems contains all the options for TrueCommand™ to begin monitoring a system. The systems page has three tabs: Systems (page 16), System Groups (page 17), and Discovered Systems (page 17). View the systems page by going to configure (page 3) → systems (page 3).

Click configure (page 3) → systems (page 3) → + NEW SYSTEM to begin monitoring a system. Enter the system IP address or DNS hostname, nickname, and password. If a mistake is made, the contents of the fields can be reset by clicking RESET FORM. To add the new system, click ADD SYSTEM. Adding a system with an incorrect password shows that system as offline (page 4) in the dashboard and added systems list.

Fig. 5.1: Adding a New System

Click Systems to view all added systems.

Systems can be edited by clicking edit (page 4). Change the system information by entering new information in the fields and clicking SAVE CHANGES. To go back to the original contents of the fields, click RESET FORM.

A system can be removed from TrueCommand™ monitoring by clicking delete (page 3).
Groups

Groups are collections of systems that are organized by TrueCommand™ administrators. Systems are organized into groups to efficiently manage permissions and reports.

Click System Groups to view the list of created groups and the systems they contain. Groups are created by clicking configure (page 3) → Systems → + NEW GROUP. Enter a group name. Click ADD SYSTEM to add a system to the group. Repeat this step to add multiple systems to a group. Click CREATE GROUP when all desired systems are added to the group.

![Fig. 5.2: Adding a New Group](image)

Editing a group allows updating the group name or changing which systems are members of that group. To delete a system group, click delete (page 3). Confirm the deletion by clicking YES.

Discovered Systems

Click Discovered Systems to view a list of systems TrueCommand™ has detected on the local network.
A system can be added to TrueCommand™ monitoring by clicking plus (page 4). Enter a nickname and the password for the system, then click ADD SYSTEM.
TrueCommand™ allows multiple people to connect to the system with personalized settings. Each person has a unique user account.

Add User

Register a new user by clicking configure (page 3) → Users → NEW USER. Enter a descriptive username and an authentication method for the user. The DEFAULT authentication method uses the TrueCommand™ web interface to log in. LDAP/AD allows for a single sign on experience through Lightweight Directory Access Protocol (LDAP) (https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Lightweight_Directory_Access_Protocol) or Active Directory (AD) (https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Active_Directory). Usernames and passwords are provided through LDAP or AD. This means a user can log in with an LDAP or AD account without creating a TrueCommand™ login. The LDAP server IP address or DNS hostname and Domain are required to use LDAP/AD. The LDAP or AD Username (optional) is required if the TrueCommand™ username does not match the LDAP or AD credentials.

After entering the information, click CREATE USER to add the user to TrueCommand™. Repeat this process to add multiple users.
Users can be assigned to Teams (page 22). When a team is created, select a team from the drop-down to add the user to that team. Users can be members of multiple teams.

Users can be deleted by clicking delete (page 3).

Warning: Deleting a user permanently removes the user and cannot be undone.

Edit User

Edit users from the configure (page 3) → Users → edit (page 4) menu. Editing a user requires entering the current password for that user. These details can be changed for a user:

- **AVATAR:** Click edit (page 4) and choose an avatar image. An avatar is a picture associated with the user.

- **USER DETAILS:** A user can be given administrator privileges by clicking the slider. The Username, Full Name, Title, Email, Phone, and Auth method can be changed. The LDAP server IP address or DNS hostname and Domain are required to use LDAP/AD. The LDAP or AD Username (optional) is required if the TrueCommand™ and LDAP or AD username are different. To go back to the original contents of the fields, click RESET FORM.

- **JOINED TEAMS:** The CREATE A NEW TEAM button appears if no teams exist. When teams are present, the JOIN TEAM button appears. Click JOIN TEAM to add the user to a team. Users can be added to multiple teams. Click minus (page 4) to remove the user from a team.

- **SYSTEM ACCESS:** The MANAGE SYSTEMS button appears if a system has not been added to TrueCommand™. When a system has been added, the ADD SYSTEM button appears. Click ADD SYSTEM and select a system from the drop-down to give the user access to that system. To assign the type of access to the system, choose
read or read/write from the ACCESS drop-down. To remove a user's access to a particular system, click minus (page 4) on the desired system.

- **SYSTEM GROUPS**: A MANAGE GROUPS button appears if a group has not been created. When a group has been created an ADD GROUP button appears. Click ADD GROUP and select a group from the drop-down to give the user access to all the systems in that group. To assign the type of access to the group, choose read or read/write from the ACCESS drop-down. To remove a user's access to a particular group, click minus (page 4) on the desired group.

- **End User License Agreement (EULA)**: The EULA can be viewed by clicking VIEW THE EULA.

---

![Fig. 6.2: Editing a User](image-url)
Teams are a collection of users. They provide a more efficient way of managing users. For example, changing the permissions for one team is much faster than changing the permissions for many individual users.

Add Team

A team is created by clicking *configure* (page 3) → TEAMS → CREATE TEAM. Enter a name and select an avatar for the new team. Click CREATE TEAM to create the team.

![Fig. 7.1: Adding a New Team](image)

Edit Team

Click *configure* (page 3) → Teams → edit (page 4) to edit a team. These options can be changed:
• **TEAM AVATAR:** Click *edit* (page 4) to upload an avatar image or use an existing image.

• **MEMBERS:** To add users to the team, click *ADD USER* and choose them from the drop-down. To remove users from the team, click *minus* (page 4) on the desired user.

• **SYSTEM ACCESS:** Give the team access to specific systems by clicking *ADD SYSTEM* and selecting systems from the drop-down. This gives all users that are a part of the team access to the systems selected. To change the type of access, click *read* or *read/write* from the *ACCESS* drop-down. To remove a system from access by the team, click *minus* (page 4) on the desired system.

• **SYSTEM GROUPS:** Give the team access to *created groups* (page 17) of systems by clicking *ADD GROUP* and selecting groups from the drop-down. This gives all members of the team access to the group of systems selected. To change the type of access, click the *ACCESS* drop-down and select *read* or *read/write*. To remove a group from access of the team, click *minus* (page 4) on the desired group.

Fig. 7.2: Editing a Team
TrueCommand™ alerts provide visual warnings for monitored systems that require attention. These alerts are either generated by the monitored system or an alert rule (page 25) created in TrueCommand™.

To see all alerts that TrueCommand™ has discovered, go to the User Menu (page 38) and click all alerts (page 4). Administrator accounts can see all generated alerts. A non-administrator account can only view alerts for systems that the individual account has permission to read.

![Fig. 8.1: Alert Notices](image)

The Active Notices tab shows all unresolved alerts. Alerts are moved to the Resolved Notices tab by clicking alert resolve (page 3). To resolve multiple alerts, select each alert and click alert resolve (page 3).

Click alert information (page 3) to view additional comments about an alert. To write notes about an alert, enter information in the Leave a comment field and click ADD COMMENT.

Administrator accounts can delete an alert by clicking delete (page 3). Deleting an alert cannot be undone. To delete multiple alerts, select each alert and click delete (page 3).
System Alerts

Alerts generated by a monitored system display in both *Systems* (page 16) and the *Dashboard* (page 13) as a number above the system icon. To view all alerts for to a single system, go to the *Dashboard*, select a single system, and click the *Alerts tab* (page 14).

Each active and resolved alert is visible in this tab. Clicking *alert information* (page 3) shows details for that alert, including the option to leave comments about the alert.

To globally configure which system alerts are ignored by TrueCommand™, go to *configure* (page 3) → *administration* (page 3), and select *configure* (page 3). Find *ignore alerts from a connected NAS* and choose the *Alert Categories*. NAS-generated alerts marked with the selected categories will not be shown by TrueCommand™.

Individual systems can have their own ignored alert categories. This overrides the global value set in *administration* (page 3). To set ignored alerts for a single system, go to *configure* (page 3) → *systems* (page 3), edit a system entry (*edit* (page 4)), and set the *Alert Categories*.

TrueCommand™ Alert Rules

Alerts in TrueCommand™ are generated from alert rules. Several default rules are built into TrueCommand™. TrueCommand™ administrators and *team members* (page 22) with the appropriate permissions can create new alert rules.

To give a team permission to create new alert rules, go to *configure* (page 3) → *teams* (page 3), edit a team, and set *Enable alert creation*. Team members are restricted to creating rules for those systems that the team member has permission to view.

To view all TrueCommand™ alert rules, open the *User Menu* (page 38) and click *alert rules* (page 3).
Details about each TrueCommand™ alert rule are shown on this page, including which user account created the rule. Alert rules can be activated (▶) or suspended (﹀), edited (✍), or deleted (🗑) by either an administrator account or the account that created the rule.

New TrueCommand™ alert rules can be created to monitor a wide variety of system information and generate a TrueCommand™ alert if specific conditions occur. To create a new alert rule, click + NEW ALERT RULE and follow the creation wizard:
Fig. 8.3: Adding a New Alert Rule

1. **Select a System**: The rule will apply to these systems.

2. **Select a Data Source**: Choose a data source for the rule. This is the type of information that can trigger an alert. For example, choosing *cpu_temp* means the alert rule monitors the temperature of the chosen system.

3. **Type and Threshold**: Create the rule conditions:
   - **Data type**: This is the specific data TrueCommand™ will monitor. The options change depending on the *Data Source*.
   - **Priority level**: Choose *Information*, *Warning*, or *Critical*. This determines the category of alerts generated by this rule.
   - **Comparison type**: A conditional statement that applies to the *Data type* and the *Comparison value*.
   - **Comparison value**: Enter a value appropriate to the options scenario and options selected. This can act as a threshold or limitation on when an alert is generated by the rule.

4. **Finished**: To create the new alert, click **CREATE ALERT**. To start over, click **RESET**.

**Alert Plugins**

TrueCommand™ uses plugins to expand how alerts are communicated to individual users or administrators. TrueCommand™ administrators can install an alert plugin by going to **configure** (page 3) → **Alert Plugins**. Installed plugins are shown first. Select the **Browse** tab and install the chosen plugin by clicking +.

Individual user accounts can use the installed plugins to manage how that account is notified of an alert. To configure a plugin, open the **User Menu** (page 38) and click **Plugins**. Find the desired plugin and click **configure** (page 3).
The Reports page provides a list of reports created by and shared with the current user. A default report is already created and is available to all users. The default report shows network traffic, storage percent used, and memory utilization for the chosen systems.

View the Reports page by clicking User Menu (page 38) → Reports.

Create Report

Click CREATE REPORT to create a customizable report. Enter a report name and an optional description for the report. Click BROWSE WIDGETS or WIDGET to add charts to the report. Most charts are already configured to report certain settings. To create a custom chart with custom settings, add Custom Area Chart, Custom Bar Chart, or Custom Line Chart. Fill in these options when adding a custom chart:
1. **General Settings**: Enter a Title, Subtitle (optional), Axis label (optional), Point size, Line size, Y min (optional), and Y max (optional) for the chart. *Stack the values* can be set to bring data points on the chart closer together. This setting is useful for charts that have many different data points at the max Y value. Click **NEXT**.

2. **Data sources**: Add data sources to the chart by clicking expand (page 3) and selecting appropriate sources. Multiple data sources can be added to one chart. Click **NEXT**.

3. **Summary**: This step shows the values set in **General Settings** and the data sources selected. Click **SAVE** to continue. Click **BACK** to go back and change a setting or data source.

After adding charts to the report, click **SAVE** to create a report specific to that user.

**View Report**

Go to *User Menu* (page 38) → *Reports* and click **show** (page 3) on the appropriate report. Select the systems to be used for the report. Select the time period for the report. 1D generates a report with data going back one day, 1W generates a report with data going back one week, and 1MO generates a report with data going back one month. Click **GENERATE** to view the report.
Share Report

Reports can be shared by going to User Menu (page 38) → Reports and clicking report share (page 3) on the report to be shared. Reports can also be shared by going to User Menu (page 38) → Reports → show (page 3) and clicking SHARE REPORT.

Reports can be shared with individual users or entire teams. Set either OWNER or SHARED WITH for the desired user. Every user can be by clicking OWNER or SHARED WITH. Users with OWNER status can edit the report. Users with SHARED WITH status can only view the report. Click SAVE to confirm the sharing settings.
Fig. 9.4: Reports Sharing
Logs track activity on TrueCommand™. For example, if a user deletes a system from TrueCommand™, the log records which user deleted it along with other information associated with the deleted system. All system logs are shown by default. To hide specific system related logs, select them from the Hide drop down. Multiple entries can be selected. All system logs can be displayed again by clicking SHOW ALL. Logs can also be filtered by searching in the Filter text field. Click an entry in the log list to show more information.

Click DOWNLOAD ALL LOGS to download a .json file of all system logs. Click REFRESH to refresh the list with the latest entries.

![Fig. 10.1: Log Entry](image-url)
The ADMINISTRATION page has these tabs: About, Certificates, and Configuration. The ADMINISTRATION page is accessed from configure (page 3) → Administration.

**Note:** The Administration option is only available to users with administrator permissions.

The About tab contains:

- **SYSTEM INFO:** Show the current TrueCommand™ system ID and version.
- **LICENSE:** Display details about the current license. Clicking GET A LICENSE opens a new browser tab to purchase a TrueCommand™ license.
• **CONTACT**: Show the iXsystems™ Support phone number and email address as well as the Sales phone number and email.

• **UPLOAD LICENSE**: Click *Browse*... to open the file browser. Select the new license file to upload. Click *UPLOAD LICENSE* to apply the new license to TrueCommand™.

**Note**: Contact iXsystems™ support to upgrade the TrueCommand™ license.

*Certificates* shows the certificates and CAs used by TrueCommand™ and has options to upload or import a certificate or CA.

**Fig. 11.2: Administration Certificates Options**

Clicking *Browse* opens a dialog to upload a file from the local system. Selecting *Plain text* allows copying and pasting the raw text of a certificate or CA in the form.
The **Configuration** tab contains:

- **General Options**:
  - *System statistics polling interval*: The amount of time, in seconds, TrueCommand™ pulls statistics from systems being monitored. The minimum is 10 seconds.
  - *System statistics retention policy*: The amount of time, in months, TrueCommand™ keeps statistics that were pulled from systems being monitored.
  - *Number of NAS database backups to store automatically*: Number of database copies that TrueCommand™ stores for a single attached iXsystems™ NAS system. See *Managing NAS Databases* (page 14) for more details.

- **SSL options**:
  - *Require SSL for all connections*: Set to require SSL for all connection types. This is useful when a monitored system does not allow SSL-secured access or if the monitored system is using a custom port.
  - *Ignore all SSL errors (no certificate validation)*: Set to disable SSL certificate validation.
  - *Accept self-signed certificates*: Set by default. Allows TrueCommand™ to connect to systems using self-signed certificates.
  - *Accept certificates even if there is a hostname mismatch*: Set by default. Accepts certificates that have the system hostname, but was registered in TrueCommand™ with an IP address or vice-versa.

- **Alert Options**:
  - *Ignore alerts from a connected NAS*: Chose an alert category to ignore. Multiple categories can be selected.
- **LDAP**:  
  - *Allow LDAP user creation*: Set this to enable LDAP users to be dynamically created in TrueCommand™ when logging in with LDAP credentials. For example, at the login screen you can enter `username@domain` with the LDAP password of that user.
  - *LDAP servers*: Enter an LDAP server IP address or DNS hostname and *Domain*. The *Domain* must be a [fully qualified domain name (FDQN)](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Fully_qualified_domain_name). For example, `myhost.example.com` is a FDQN. Multiple LDAP servers and Domains can be added by clicking *ADD SERVER*. LDAP server credentials can be removed by clicking *delete* (page 3).

- **LDAP Teams**:  
  - Teams can be selected so that each TrueCommand™ user created through LDAP is automatically assigned to the chosen teams. Teams can be removed from the list by clicking *minus* (page 4).

Click *SAVE* to save the new system configuration. To reset the fields back to the previous values, click *CANCEL*. 
TrueCommand™ includes a help text feature that shows additional information when the mouse pointer is held over an element in the web interface.

Click help (page 4) to enable the help text dialog. When the dialog is enabled it is displayed in the bottom left corner of the web interface. When help text is enabled and the mouse pointer is held over an element, additional text about the element is displayed in the dialog. If help text is disabled and the mouse pointer is held over an element, a small tool tip is displayed.

Fig. 12.1: Help Text for Dashboard button
The user avatar is displayed in the top right corner of the web interface. Click the avatar to display a list of options that include:

- **Dashboard** (page 13)
- **Profile** (page 20)
- **Reports** (page 28)
- **Plugins** (page 27)
- **API** (page 38)
- **All Alerts** (page 24)
- **Alert Rules** (page 25)
- **Log Out** (page 39)

**API**: interface to test API calls to the middleware. Advanced users and developers can use the middleware to program their own monitoring applications. API calls generate a response which is displayed on the page. Click **UI LOG** to download the web interface log.

Click **MW LOG** to view the middleware log.

TrueCommand™ API documentation is available by adding */docs* to the end of the TrueCommand™ hostname or IP address in the browser address bar.
• **Log Out**: Log out of the TrueCommand™ web interface.